# TNDALU

5 Year Hons. [B.A.BL, Bcom.BL, B.A. ILB, BCA. ILB, BCA. ILB (Hons.)]

May - 2016

Question paper

(1)

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Register No.				

H 1062

HVA/HBAA/HA1A/HB1A/ HC1A/HD1A

B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com., B.L. (Hons.)/B.A., LL.B. (Hons.)/ B.Com., LL.B. (Hons.)/B.B.A., LL.B. (Hons.)/B.C.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011 to 2015)

First Year — First Semester

### ENGLISH — I

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.
  - (a) Explain the best methods of study as enunciated by Glanville Williams.
  - (b) Portia's entry changed the fate of Antonio dramatically Discuss.
  - (c) Bring forth Thoreau's views on civil disobedience.

## PART B — $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ marks})$

- 2. Annotate FIVE of the following:
  - (a) A Daniel come to judgement.
  - (b) The day you set Mrs. Billings free, I'll pay you five hundred dollars.
  - (c) Therefore, that term national integration shows the poverty of ideas.
  - (d) "The struggle between liberty and authority is the most conspicuous feature in the portions of history..."
  - (e) One of the fathers, in great severity, called poesy vinum deomonum.
  - (f) The night in prison was novel and interesting enough.
  - (g) The lady of the common law likes to lie alone.

#### **PART** C — (20 marks)

### LINGUISTICS — $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- 3. Answer TWO of the following in about 250 words each.
  - (a) Roman influence on English language.
  - (b) French influence on English language.
  - (c) Discuss the need for phonetic script for English language.

#### PHONETICS — (10 marks)

4. Answer THREE of the following:

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$ 

- (a) Explain long vowels and give two examples.
- (b) Define diphthongs and give two examples.
- (c) Give the broad consonantal category.
- (d) Discuss the importance of intonation in spoken language.
- 5. Transcribe the following sentences:

 $(2 \times 2 = 4)$ 

- (a) I had a heavy lunch.
- (b) The boys are writing their exams.

#### **PART D** — (15 marks)

#### GRAMMAR

6. Make sentences using the pairs of words given below:

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

- $(a) \quad Compliment-Complement\\$
- (b) Disposal Disposition
- (c) Corporal Corporate
- (d) Assent Ascent
- (e) Adapt Adopt.
- 7. Frame sentences using the idioms given below:

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

- (a) To turn over a new leaf.
- (b) No love lost.
- (c) To sit on the fence.
- (d) Without reserve.
- (e) To make both ends meet.



8. Give Synonyms for the words given below:

 $(2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1)$ 

- (a) Begin
- (b) Napping.

9. Give Antonyms for the words given below:

 $(2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1)$ 

- (a) Content
- (b) Accept.

10. Form words using the prefix and suffix:

 $(2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1)$ 

- (a) in
- (b) sion

11. Rewrite the sentences:

 $(2 \times 1 = 2)$ 

- (a) "Due to shortage of attendance, you shall not sit for the exams" said, the principal to Mithun. (into indirect sentence)
- (b) Preetham asked her father to get her some sketch pens. (into direct sentence).

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H 1078

HVB/HA1B

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) / B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 onwards)

First Year — First Semester

B.A., B.L. (Hons.): HISTORY – I (HVB) B.A., LL.B. (Hons.): HISTORY (HA1B)

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each. .

- 1. Explain how the Indus Valley Civilization differed from the Vedic Civilization.
- 2. Elucidate the reasons for the decline of the Mughals in India and emergence of the British East India Company.
- 3. Trace the freedom struggle movement in India after Gandhi's entry.

### PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Vedic Literature.
- 5. Buddhism
- 6. Mahajanapadas.

### PART C - (5 × 4 = 20 marks)

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following.
  - (a) Revolt of 1857
  - (b) Self-Respect Movement
  - (c) The puppet nawabs of Bengal
  - (d) Nobility
  - (e) Market policy of Ala-ud-din Khalji
  - (f) Political Administration of the Mughals.
  - (g) Sangam Literature.

# **PART D** — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Samaveda.
  - (b) Dhamma
  - (c) Feudalism
  - (d) Indica
  - (e) Sufism
  - (f) Jagirdari System
  - (g) Kudavolai System
  - (h) Pallava architecture.

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H 1116

HWC/HBBC

### B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year — Third Semester

# ECONOMICS - I - GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

'Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Derive Demand curve using indifference curve approach and point out the limitations of this approach.
- 2. Explain how price and output are determined under monopoly market during short period and explain the degrees of discrimination.
- 3. Evaluate H-O theory of international trade and state its advancement over comparative cost theory.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Write a note on Bouma's theory of sales maximisation.
- 5. Describe the role of RBI in regulating the supply side of the economy.
- 6. Define tax. Describe the characteristics of a good tax system.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Impact of globalisation.
  - (b) Quasi-Rent.
  - (c) Monetary policy.

- (d) Equi-marginal utility.
- (e) MFN
- (f) Canons of Taxation.
- (g) Effects of Public Debt.

PART D — 
$$(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Scarcity definition.
  - (b) Inductive method.
  - (c) MRTs.
  - (d) Tax avoidance.
  - (e) Deficit financing.
  - (f) Devaluation.
  - (g) Terms of Trade.
  - (h) Real Wage.

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H 1103

HA1C/HVH

### B.A.,LL.B. (Hons.)/B.A.,B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2015)

B.A.,B.L. (Hons.) First Year — Second Semester (HVH)

B.A.,LL.B. (Hons.) First Year — First Semester (HA1C)

#### SOCIOLOGY - I

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### PART A — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. What is social stratification? Examine the role of caste and class in social stratification.
- 2. Define family and discuss the importance of family as a social institution.
- 3. "Sociology without history is rootless and history without sociology is fruitless". Comment.

## PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss the relationship between sociology and psychology.
- 5. What are reference groups? Why a study of reference group is useful?
- 6. Discuss "Sociology as a Science".

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) What is cultural lag?
  - (b) Types of family.
  - (c) Estate system.

- (d) Sociocultural anthropology.
- (e) "Looking Glass Self".
- (f) Explain "Man as a Social Animal".
- (g) Types of Deviance.

PART D — 
$$(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Role taking
  - (b) Belief system
  - (c) Vertical mobility
  - (d) Social psychology
  - (e) Norms and values
  - (f) Categorical contact
  - (g) Social interaction
  - (h) Polygamy.

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H 1113

HC1C

# B.B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2015)

First Year — First Semester

## BUSINESS MANAGEMENT AND ETHICS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the nature of management.
- 2. Describe the major steps in the process of planning.
- 3. Enumerate the main characteristics of organisation.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. How does environment pollution occur? Explain its kinds briefly.
- 5. Briefly explain the trait theory of leadership.
- 6. Describe the techniques of co-ordination.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following.
  - (a) Is management science or an art? Justify.
  - (b) Distinguish between administration and management.
  - (c) What are the advantages of planning?
  - (d) What are the various basis for decision making?
  - (e) What is an organisation chart?
  - (f) What is meant by span of control?
  - (g) What are the objectives of business ethics?

# PART L $- (6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Bribery.
  - (b) Controlling.
  - (c) Management by exception.
  - (d) Leadership.
  - (e) Optimum span.
  - (f) Espirit de corps.
  - (g) Levels of management.
  - (h) Short term plan.



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HD1C

# B.C.A. LLB (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2015 onwards)

First Year — First Semester

### COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS AND OFFICE AUTOMATION

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain full binary adder in detail.
- 2. Define memory and explain primary memory.
- 3. Explain slide and types of slide views with respective window diagram.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Find sum of product(SOP) for the expression using prime implication method  $F(x,y,z) = \sum (0,1,2,5,6,7)$ .
- 5. How to create a query in MS Access using wizard?
- 6. Explain operating system and its management.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Write short notes on assembly language.
  - (b) Explain about header and footer with example.
  - (c) Explain how filter is used in MS-Excel.

(d) Convert the given octal number to its equivalent hexadecimal number:

$$(235.73)_8 = (?)_{16}$$
.

- (e) Explain D flip flop.
- (f) Explain the types of register.
- (g) Write the procedure for saving a document.

PART D — 
$$(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Define template.
  - (b) What is a flip flop?
  - (c) Define clipart.
  - (d) Construct a circuit for the given expression: x'y + xy'.
  - (e) Define counter.
  - (f) What are the functions of processor?
  - (g) Define decoder.
  - (h) Define slide transition and how to add it.



Register No.		

HC2B

# B.B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2015)

First Year — Second Semester

# HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

## **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words.

- 1. Describe briefly the various functions of human resource management.
- 2. What are the various sources of recruitment? Discuss their relative merits and demerits.
- 3. "An effective grievance procedure must contain some essential characteristics" Explain.

# PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words.

- 4. What are the qualities of human resource manager.
- 5. Explain the various methods of Performance Appraisal.
- 6. Define personality and explain the important determinants of personality.

## PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Explain the nature of organisational behaviour as a field of study.
  - (b) What is meant by human resource policy?

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- (c) Explain the need for job analysis.
- (d) What are the types of promotion?
- (e) What are the purposes of performance appraisal?
- (f) What is meant by Critical Incident method?
- (g) What do you mean by incentives?

PART D — 
$$(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Personnel management
  - (b) Long term planning
  - (c) Recruitment costs
  - (d) Termination
  - (e) Management by objectives
  - (f) Sexual Harassment
  - (g) Domestic enquiry
  - (h) Learning.

Register No.		

### H 1112

HB1C

# B.Com., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATION, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2015)

First Year — First Semester

# PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT AND HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the nature and scope of management.
- 2. Describe the techniques for Excellent Co-ordination.
- 3. Explain briefly the various methods of training.

**PART B** —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Is management a science or an art?
- 5. Explain the line type of organisation.
- 6. Describe the Maslow's need hierarchy theory.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) What are the benefits of HR Audit?
  - (b) What are industrial disputes?
  - (c) How social security measures are provided to workers in the organisation?
  - (d) What are the different types of tests?

- (e) How performance appraisal calculated?
- (f) What are the benefits of centralisation?
- (g) What are the steps involved in planning process?

# PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Forecasting
  - (b) Organisation chart
  - (c) Control process
  - (d) Induction
  - (e) Transfer
  - (f) Motivation
  - (g) Collective bargaining
  - (h) Delegation of authority.

HVD/HA1D/HB1D/ HC1D/HD1D/HBAD

B.A.,B.L. (Hons)/B.A.,LL.B, (Hons.), B.Com.,LL.B., (Hons.), B.B.A.,LL.B., (Hons.) B.C.A.,LL.B., (Hons.) B.Com.,B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATION, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 onwards)

First Year — First Semester

#### LAW OF TORTS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "There is a definite number of Torts, outside which liability in Torts does not exist" Discuss.
- 2. "Every invasion of property be it ever so minute is a trespass" Comment.
- 3. "In the absence of legal duty to take care, negligence has no legal consequence" Discuss.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. "Harm suffered voluntarily does not constitute a legal injury and is not actionable" Explain.
- 5. "Motive is irrelevant in Law of Torts" Analyse.
- 6. Discuss the liability of an occupier towards lawful visitors and trespassers.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Course of employment.
  - (b) Vis-major.
  - (c) Distinguish Slander and Libel.

- (d) Accord and Satisfaction.
- (e) Novus actus interveniens.
- (f) Malicious prosecution.
- (g) Injuria sine Damno.

# PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. 'X' wrote a letter containing defamatory statement about 'Y' which he had addressed directly to 'Y'. But the letter was read by Y's husband 'Z'. Discuss the liability of 'X'.
- 9. A corporation controlled a public park. A child of seven years picked up and ate some attractive fruits on a shrub in the park and died because the fruits were poisonous. The father of the child sued the corporation. Will he succeed?
- 10. A woman seeing a driverless car going down a hill road was concerned about the safety of her children. On being told, the child was run over, she died by shock. Is the car owner liable?



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B.A., B.L. (Hons.) B.Com. B.L. (Hons.)/ B.A. LLB. (Hons.)/ B.Com. LLB. (Hons.) B.B.A LLB. (Hons.) /B.C.A. LLB. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2015)

First Year — First Semester

#### CONTRACTS - I

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours Maximum: 70 marks

#### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "An offer need not be made to an ascertained person but no contract can arise until it has been accepted by an ascertained person" Explain with reference to leading cases on the subject.
- 2. "Adequacy of consideration is irrelevant to the validity of a contract".

  Discuss.
- 3. "Restitution stops where repayment begins" Examine this statement with decided cases.

### **PART B** — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Give the circumstances in which a contract is said to be induced by undue influence.
- 5. Determine the scope and effects of agreements in restraint of trade.
- 6. What are the principles on which specific performance of an contract may be granted or may not be granted?

# PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following
  - (a) Necessaries
  - (b) Perpetual injunction
  - (c) Reciprocal promises
  - (d) Mistake
  - (e) Past consideration
  - (f) Postal rule of communication
  - (g) Voidable agreement.

# PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. 'X agreed to let out a flat to 'Y' for 26th and 27th January 2016 for the purpose of viewing the Temple festival parade. The rent had not been paid, since the festival was abandoned. Decide whether 'X' can recover rent.
- 9. 'A' contracts to pay 'B' Rs.10,000 if B's house is burnt. Decide the validity of the contract.
- 10. 'A' owes 'B' under a contract Rs. 5,000. 'A' pays to 'B' and 'B' accepts, in satisfaction of the whole debt Rs. 2,000 paid at the time and place at which the Rs. 5,000 were payable. Decide whether 'A' can be discharged of the whole debt.



Register No.	

**HBAG** 

# B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013 and 2014)

First Year — Second Semester

### PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

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Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. What factors would you take into account while formulating planning policies? Explain the merits of planning.
- 2. Discuss salient features of Mc Gregonin 'x' theory and 'y' theory.
- 3. What is meant by co-ordination? What are the techniques of achieving effective co-ordination?

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Briefly point out the relationship between planning and control.
- 5. Differentiate formal communication from informal communication.
- 6. Explain the different levels of management.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Merits of Line organisation
  - (b) Division of work
  - (c) Management and Administration
  - (d) Advantages of centralisation

- (e) Importance of motivation
- (f) Strategy
- (g) Write six grades of legal practice is India after the founding of High Courts.

# **PART D** — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Business organisation
  - (b) Controlling
  - (c) Decision making
  - (d) Communication
  - (e) Management
  - (f) Delegation of Authority
  - (g) HRD
  - (h) Leader.

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HVF/HA2A

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2015)

First Year — Second Semester

#### ENGLISH - II

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

#### PART I — $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Answer TWO of the following:
  - (a) Elucidate the five important functions of a lawyer.
  - (b) Explain the major divisions of law.
  - (c) Discuss Stephen Balough's case.

PART II — 
$$(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ marks})$$

- 2. Annotate FIVE of the following:
  - (a) "That is not my axe," the prisoner declared.
  - (b) It must be admitted that a lawyer too often is a careless writer.
  - (c) The most irritating delay of all to the lawyer and the layman alike is the delay of the judge in getting on the bench on time in the morning.
  - (d) The law schools have long been centres of research.
  - (e) Crimes are divided into indictable and summary offences.
  - (f) A somewhat similar game is called "False evidence".
  - (g) They wish to do all they can to preserve the welsh language.

### PART III — $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

- 3. Answer TWO of the following.
  - (a) What are the four skills of language learning?
  - (b) Briefly explain the laws of language learning.
  - (c) Explain the stages of language acquisition.

### PART IV — $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$

#### LOGIC

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

4. (a) Explain proposition and its classification.

Or

- (b) What are the kinds and rules syllogisms?
- 5. Bring out the fallacy in any ONE of the following syllogisms.
  - (a) All cows are animals.
    All horses are animals

: All horses are cows.

Or

(b) All great men are liberal mindedNo prisoners are great men∴ No prisoners are liberal minded.

### LETTER WRITING - (5 marks)

6. Write a letter to the municipal chairman requesting for regular water supply to your locality.

## PART V — $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Use TEN legal terms in sentences.
  - (a) Surety
  - (b) Fraud
  - (c) Hearsay
  - (d) Oath
  - (e) Plaintiff
  - (f) Proof
  - (g) Trial
  - (h) Ultra vires
  - (i) Waiver
  - (j) Tenant
  - (k) Issue
  - (l) Minor.



Register No.

H 1070

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HBAF/HB2A/ HC2A/HD2A

B.Com., B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.B.A. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.C.A. LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013, 2014 and 2015)

First Year — Second Semester

#### **BUSINESS ENGLISH**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define communication. Explain the methods and types of communication.
- 2. Explain in detail the four skills of language acquisition.
- 3. Discuss the modern forms of communication and their use in business communication.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Write a letter to the sales section of your concern asking them to take stock of the furniture available and to get the list of additional furniture requirements.
- 5. Write a letter to an agency to send staff for 4 clerical posts and 2 manual labour jobs.
- 6. Send a circular to the employees on increase in prices of food items in the company's canteen from the following month.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Discuss the relevance and importance of business communication.
  - (b) What are the different kinds of business letters?
  - (c) Assess the impact of e-commerce in India.

- (d) In business dealings with customers what approach must be taken regarding complaints?
- (e) What steps can be taken by the sales department to project the products of the company to attract more customers?
- (f) Essentials of report writing.
- (g) How to table minutes?

# PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Reading skill
  - (b) Purpose of issuing circulars
  - (c) Note taking
  - (d) Communication through mails
  - (e) Liberalization
  - (f) Sound as a barrier to communication
  - (g) Points to be taken care of while insuring
  - (h) How to safeguard shareholders' interest?



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H 1079

HVI/HBAI/HA2B

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.A., LL.B. (Hons.)/B.Com. B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2015)

First Year — Second Semester

### POLITICAL SCIENCE - I (POLITICAL THEORY)

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 márks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define state and discuss its elements.
- 2. Discuss the social contract theory of Locke.
- 3. Examine the development of human rights.

**PART B** —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Examine the theory of Separation of Powers.
- 5. Explain the merits and demerits of dictatorship.
- 6. Discuss Plato's ideal state.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Political Science and ethics
  - (b) Matriarchal theory
  - (c) Characteristics of a legal right
  - (d) "Greatest happiness to greatest number"
  - (e) Habermas
  - (f) Post Behaviouralism
  - (g) Global Citizenship.

## PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Rule of law
  - (b) Monarchy
  - (c) Characteristics of sovereignty
  - (d) Rousseau
  - (e) Welfare state
  - (f) Natural rights
  - (g) Karl Marx
  - (h) Interpretations in contemporary Islamic thought.

(31)

Register No.
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H 1093

HD2B

# B.C.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2015)

First Year — Second Semester

## PROGRAMMING IN 'C' AND ALGORITHMS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Give a detail note on C tokens.
- 2. Explain file handling methods with examples.
- 3. Analyze BFS & DFS and write their différences.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain about complexity of an algorithm.
- 5. Write brief note on arrays?
- 6. Discuss pointer and passing pointers to structures.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following
  - (a) Write note on control structures.
  - (b) What are unions?
  - (c) Explain notations of an algorithm
  - (d) Analyze prim's algorithm.
  - (e) Discuss library functions.
  - (f) Write a program to print Fibonacci series of n numbers.
  - (g) Write note on looping structures.

# PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Define spanning tree.
  - (b) Write a program to concatenate two strings.
  - (c) Define best-case analysis.
  - (d) What is the difference between source file and object file?
  - (e) Name two operations of stack.
  - (f) Define variables.
  - (g) What is enumerated data type?
  - (h) Define recursion of a function.

Register No.			

HB2B

# B.Com., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2015)

First Year - Second Semester

# PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTING

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the limitations of management accounting.
- 2. Moon and Star Co. Ltd is a company with an authorised capital of Rs. 5,00,000 divided into 5,000 equity shares of Rs.100 each on 31-12-2003 of which 2,500 shares were fully called up. The following are the balances extracted from the ledger as on 31-12-2003.

# Trial balance of Moon and Star Co. Ltd.

Debit	Rs.	Credit	Rs.
Opening stock	50,000	Sales	3,25,000
Purchases	2.00.000	Discount received	3,150
		Profit and loss a/c	6,220
Wages	4,200	Creditors	35,200
Discount allowed		Reserves	25,000
Insurance (upto 31-3-2004)	6,720	Loan from managing directors	15,700
Salaries	18,500	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	2,50,000
Rent	6,000	Share capital	2,00,000
General expenses	8,950		
Printing	2,400		201
Advertising	3,800		

Debit	Rs.	Credit	Rs.
Bonus	10,500		108.
Debtors	38,700		
Plant	1,80,500		
Furniture	17,100		
Bank	34,700		
Book debts	3,200		
Calls-in-arrears	5,000		
	6,60,270	2.	6,60,270
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You are required to prepare profit and loss account for the year ended 31-12-2003 and a balance sheet as on that date. The following further information is given.

- (a) Closing stock was valued at Rs. 1,91,500
- (b) Depreciation on plant at 15% and on furniture at 10% should be provided
- (c) A tax provision of Rs. 8,000 is considered necessary
- (d) The directors declared an interim dividend on 15-8-03 for 6 months ending June 30, 2003 @ 6%.
- 3. A, B and C are partners in a business, sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1 respectively. Their balance sheet on 31st March, 2002 was as follows:

Liabilities,		Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Sundry cre	ditors	1,600	Cash in hand	600
Reserve		6,000	Cash at bank	1,000
Capitals:			Sundry debtors	9,000
A – 10,000			Stock	7,000
B-10,000			Machinery	6,000
C - 10,000		30,000	Factory buildings	14,000
	X	37,600		37,600

On that date C retired from business. It was agreed to adjust the value of assets as follows:

- (a) Make a provisions of 5% on sundry debtors for doubtful debts.
- (b) Reduce the value of stock by 5% and depreciate machinery by 10%
- (c) Factory building to be revalued at Rs.15,100.

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Show the revaluation account and partners capital accounts and prepare the balance sheet of the continuing partners as on 1st April, 2002.

**PART B** — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Maheer purchases a car on hire-purchase system on April 1, 1999 the total cash price of the car is Rs.3,30,000, payable Rs.1,00,000 on signing of the agreement and three equal annual instalments of Rs.1,00,000 payable on 31st March for 3 years. Interest is charged at 15% per annum. You are required to calculate interest paid by the buyer to seller each year.
- 5. From the following data relating to the assets side of the balance sheet of Kamadhenu Ltd., for the period 31st December, 1975 to 31st December, 1978 you are required to calculate the trend percentages taking 1975 as the base year.

Assets (Rupees in			thousands)		
1 " B	1975	1976	1977	1978	
Cash	100	120	80	140	
Debtors	200	250	325	400	
Stock in trade	300	400	350	500	
Other current assets	50	75	125	150	
Land	400	500	500	500	
Building	800	1,000	1,200	1,500	
Plant	1,000	1,000	1,200	1,500	

6. What is meant by book -keeping? How does book-keeping differ from accounting?

### PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following.
  - (a) Name the parties or group interested in accounting information.
  - (b) On 1st April 2001, a trader took out a fire policy containing an average clause covering his stock for Rs.15,00,000. His practice was to place his selling price at cost plus  $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ . He closes his books on 31st March, every year.

On 31st December, 2001 a fire broke out at the premises and destroyed his stock. The value of salvaged stock was Rs.6,00,000. During the period of 9 months preceding the fire, his purchases amounted to Rs. 61,00,000 and sales to Rs. 84,00,000. His stock on 1st April, 2001 was valued at Rs.20,00,000. Prepare a statement showing the amount of claim.

- (c) Distinguish between sacrificing ratio and gaining ratio.
- (d) Find out the new ratio:

A and B are partners. They admit C for  $\frac{1}{4}th$  share. In future the ratio between A and B would be 2:1.

- (e) From the following particulars, you are required to compute
  - (i) Current ratio
  - (ii) Gross profit ratio.

	Rs.		Rs.
Stock	50,000	Creditors	60,000
Debtors	40,000	Bills payable	40,000
Bills receivable	10,000	Bank overdraft	4,000
Advances	4,000	Sales (net)	7,00,000
(Recoverable in cash)			
Cash in hand	30,000	Gross profit	50,000

(f) From the following profit and loss account, compute the funds from operations.

#### Profit and loss account

Rs.		Rs.
5,000	By gross profit b/d	1,000
2,000	By rent	5,000
1,000	By interest on investment	4,000
2,000	By net loss	5,000
5,000		
15,000		15,000
	5,000 2,000 1,000 2,000 5,000	5,000 By gross profit b/d  2,000 By rent  1,000 By interest on investment  2,000 By net loss  5,000

(g) What do you understand by 'Alteration of share capital'?

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) On 30th June 1997 Fortunes Ltd. Passed a resolution consolidating 80,000 fully paid equity shares of Rs.10 each into 8,000 fully paid shares of Rs.100 each. On 30th June 1998 the company passed another resolution converting the shares into stock. Show journal entries.
  - (b) Rajan, a small scale industrialist decided to convert his firm into a limited company with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996. But he obtained the certificate of incorporation on 1<sup>st</sup> August 1996 and the certificate to commence business on 1<sup>st</sup> October 1996. His accounts were closed on 31<sup>st</sup> December 1996. Find out the time ratio for the purpose of ascertaining pre-incorporation profit.
  - (c) What is a joint venture?

- (d) Stock of Rs. 80,000 of M/s Kailash Chand and sons has been insured for Rs. 70,000. Loss due to fire is assessed at Rs. 20,000. Calculate what claim M/s Kailash Chand and sons will get from the insurance company.
- (e) What is a business entity concept?
- (f) X and Y were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 7:3. Z was admitted on 3/7th share in the profits. Calculate new profit sharing ratio of the partners.
- (g) Show the format of schedule 13 in bank accounts.
- (h) What is meant by the term "financial statements"?

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Register No.		14	
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H 1133

HB2C/HC2C/HD2C

B.Com., LL.B., (Hons.)/B.B.A., LL.B., (Hons.)/B.C.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the Candidates admitted from 2015 onwards)

First Year — Second Semester

#### SOCIOLOGY

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Give a brief historical sketch of the Indian civilisation in detail.
- 2. Analyse the importance and functions of family and marriage.
- 3. Explain the theories related to caste system in Indian society.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss the factors facilitating deviance.
- 5. Highlight the role of women in self help groups.
- 6. What are the characteristics of social stratification?

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following.
  - (a) Religious Diversities
  - (b) Importance of secondary group
  - (c) Functions of marriage
  - (d) Forms of social stratification
  - (e) Types of informal control
  - (f) Women Empowerment
  - (g) Reference group.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Social processes
  - (b) Ascribed status
  - (c) Social institutions
  - (d) Endogamy
  - (e) Class-consciousness
  - (f) Innovation
  - (g) Amitate
  - (h) Matriarchal family.

Register No.

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H 1102

HVG/HBAB/HA2C/ HB2D/HC2D/HD2D

B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.A. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.Com. B.L. (Hons.)/ B.Com. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.B.A. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.C.A. LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 onwards)

First Year - Second Semester

B.A., B.L. (Hons.): HISTORY — II (HVG)

B.A. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.Com. B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com. LL.B. (Hons.)/
B.B.A. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.C.A. LL.B. (Hons.): LEGAL AND
CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY (HBAB/HA2C/HB2D/HC2D/HD2D)

Time: 2½ hours

Maximum: 70 marks

 $\mathbf{PART} \cdot \mathbf{A} - (2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Briefly explain how justice was administered in the Presidency Towns of Madras, Bombay and Calcutta from 1600 1726.
- 2. Discuss the powers and functions of the Supreme Court at Calcutta and the ensuing rift between the Supreme Court and the Supreme Council.
- 3. Analyse the salient features of the 1919 Act.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Rule of law
- 5. Salient features of the Regulating Act
- 6. Minto Morley Reforms

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Hastings Plan of 1772
  - (b) Settlement Act
  - (c) Separation of Powers

- (d) Pitts India Act
- (e) History of Law Reporting in India
- (f) Development of Legal Education
- (g) The Advocates Act, 1961.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Sir Elijah Impey
  - (b) 1833 Act
  - (c) 1600 charter
  - (d) Diwani Adalat
  - (e) Bicameral Legislature
  - (f) Provincial Autonomy
  - (g) Bar Committee of 1923
  - (h) Maintenance of Lawyer's discipline

(45)

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H 1123

HXB/HBCC/ HA2D

# B.A. B.L. (Hons.)/ B.Com. B.L. (Hons.)/ B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATION, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2015)

Third Year - Fifth Semester

#### LAW OF CRIMES - I (Indian Penal Code)

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- The reformative approach to punishment should be the object of criminal law in order to promote rehabilitation. Analyse the statement by referring punishments prescribed under Indian Penal Code.
- 2. Right of private defence may extend to cause death. Examine the application of private defence with its limitation and extention.
- 3. "All murder are culpable homicide, but all culpable homicides are not murder". Examine the statement with relevant cases.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Mc Naugten Rule and its application.
- 5. Discuss about the offence of criminal conspiracy.
- 6. Distinguish common intention and common object.

**PART** C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Habouring the offenders
  - (b) Wrongful confinement
  - (c) Criminal Force

- (d) Mischief
- (e) Criminal Trespass
- (f) Defamation
- (g) Public Servant.

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reason.

- 8. Mr. 'A' instigates Mr. 'Z' to burn Mr. D's house. Mr. 'Z' sets fire to the house and also committed theft of the property from the house. State the offence committed by Mr. 'A'.
- 9. Mr. 'X', threatens Mr. 'Y' that unless Mr. 'Y' sign the paper, he will kill one of his children. Decide whether Mr. 'X' has committed any offence.
- 10. Mr. 'R' purchase poison with the intention of murdering Mr. 'S' and mixes the same with the food and place it on Mr. S's table. Decide whether Mr. 'R' has committed any offence.

(47)

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H 1141

HVJ/HA2E/HB2E/ HC2E/HD2E/HBAJ

B.A.B.L.(Hons.)/B.A.LL.B. (Hons.)/ B.Com.LL.B. (Hons.)/ B.B.A. LL.B. (Hons.)/B.C.A.LL.B.(Hons.)/B.Com.B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the Candidates admitted from 2011 to 2015)

First Year — Second Semester

#### LAW OF CONTRACTS - II

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Analyse the duties, liabilities and rights of bailor.
- 2. Define: "Goods". Explain the types of goods under Sale of Goods Act.
- 3. Examine the different modes of discharge of 'Surety' from the liability.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss about the role of Minor as a partner under Indian Partnership Act.
- 5. Analyse the concept of effect of mixture of goods under contract of bailment.
- 6. Discuss about right of lien of an unpaid seller under Sale of Goods Act.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Rights of unpaid vendor.
  - (b) Indemnity and Gurantee Distinguish.
  - (c) Sale and agreement for sale.

- (d) Property of the firm.
- (e) Types of agents.
- (f) Sub-Bailment
- (g) Delegatus non potest delegare.

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reason.

- 8. Ms.A, delivers gold bar to Mr.B who is a goldsmith, to convert the rough gold into bangles and necklace with the condition that everyday evening Mr.B has to hand over the room where the unfinished golds were kept to Ms.A. One day morning, gold found missing. Decide the liability of Mr.B.
- 9. Mr. Z, who was the partner of "SKM partnership firm", expelled by the firm for his fradulant action. Mr. Z after his expulsion started as another business in the name and style of "YESKEYEEM Enterprises" in the same nature of business of the old firm. SKM partnership firm sued Mr.Z. Decide.
- 10. 'A' orders for purchase of 50 bottles of orange juice from 'B'. On such offer, 'B' crushes orange worth about Rs,50,500/- and filled the juices in 50 bottles. As 'A' delayed in taking the possession of the goods, it got perished. Decide the rights of 'B'.

49

Register No.			

H 1100

**HBBA** 

# B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013 and 2014)

Second Year — Third Semester

#### **SOCIOLOGY**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain empowerment and highlight the social status of women in India.
- 2. Discuss the various theories supporting caste system in Indian Society.
- 3. Define Kinship. Bring out the importance and functions of Kinship.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Examine the characteristics of social group.
- 5. Explain the various types of deviance.
- 6. Discuss the role of women in self help groups.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Social pathology
  - (b) Ascribed status
  - (c) NGO
  - (d) Regional diversity
  - (e) Formal control
  - (f) Synthetic school
  - (g) National Integration.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Social Processes
  - (b) Monogamy
  - (c) Joint family
  - (d) Social status
  - (e) Community
  - (f) Mass Media
  - (g) Tertiary kin
  - (h) Bilateral Descent.



Register No.		

H 1077

**HBBB** 

# B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013 and 2014)

Second Year — Third Semester

#### FINANCIAL MARKET AND SERVICES

Time: 21/2 hours

Maximum: 70 marks

#### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Distinguish between life insurance and fire insurance. State the different types of fire insurance policy.
- 2. Critically examine the recent trends in primary market in India.
- 3. What is a mutual fund? What are the advantages of investing in mutual funds?

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. What are the benefits derived from mutual fund by an investor?
- 5. Elucidate the various services rendered by factoring institutions?
- 6. What are the advantages enjoyed by the Company while listing its securities?

PART C 
$$\leftarrow$$
 (5 × 4 = 20 marks)

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Explain any five functions of RBI.
  - (b) What is meant by foreign exchange market?
  - (c) Explain Hire purchase.
  - (d) What is meant by venture capital?
  - (e) CRISIL.
  - (f) NBFCS.
  - (g) Chit funds.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Expand LIC and GIC.
  - (b) What is meant by financial service?
  - (c) Define primary market.
  - (d) What is merchant banking?
  - (e) What is meant by issue management?
  - (f) What is factoring?
  - (g) Give the meaning of hypothecation.
  - (h) Mention any two specific schemes of UTI.

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H 1095

**HWB** 

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year — Third Semester

### SOCIOLOGY - II

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

## **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain in detail the various factors affecting social change in India with suitable examples.
- 2. Examine the role of law in promoting social welfare for the disadvantaged groups.
- 3. "Is India a diversified Nation". Explain with suitable examples.

## PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Highlight the changing trends in Indian caste system.
- 5. Discuss dowry as a major "social evil" in Indian Society.
- 6. Enumerate the status of women in Ancient Age.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Causes of Divorce.
  - (b) Linguistic Diversity.
  - (c) Problems faced by Bonded Labour.
  - (d) Caste system in Pre-Independent Industrial Period.
  - (e) Causes of Corruption in India.
  - (f) Role of judiciary in Indian system.
  - (g) Traditional theory.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Social unrest.
  - (b) National integration.
  - (c) Extended family.
  - (d) Honour killing.
  - (e) Social change.
  - (f) Unity and diversity.
  - (g) Nuclear family.
  - (h) Racial diversity.



Register No.


H 1072

HWA

B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year — Third Semester

POLITICAL SCIENCE II - STATE AND POLITICAL OBLIGATIONS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Examine the Nature and the Scope of Political Obligation.
- 2. Describe the ancient Indian ideas and institutions on Political Obligation.
- 3. Write an essay about social contract theory on Political Obligation.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Examine T.H. Green's ideas on Political Obligation.
- 5. Critically analyse the various dimensions of Political Obligation in a Modern State.
- 6. Describe the role of International Society in Political Obligation of a State.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following.
  - (a) Political Obligation and Rights
  - (b) Max Weber and Authority
  - (c) Constitution and Political Obligation.
  - (d) Legal and Political Obligation.
  - (e) History and Theory of Justice
  - (f) Locke
  - (g) Edmund Burke

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Identity and Political Obligation
  - (b) Right dissent
  - (c) Role of State in balancing Political Obligation.
  - (d) Power
  - (e) Rousseau
  - (f) Aristotle
  - (g) Justice
  - (h) Dilution of Political Obligation.

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H 1135

HWD/HBBD

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com. B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year — Third Semester

#### **FAMILY LAW I**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

#### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Discuss the various grounds for divorce available under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. When can the divorced person marry again.
- 2. What is dower? What are the remedies open to a wife to enforce her dower debt?
- 3. State the conditions for a Valid Christian marriage. How are the marriages solemnized by Minister of Religions under Christian Marriage Act.

### PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. What are the different modes of "Talak"? When does Talak become irrevocable?
- 5. Explain the various schools of Hindu law.
- 6. Explain the doctrine of "Relation Back" with reference to the law of Adoption and Maintenance.

### PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Modern sources of Hindu Law
  - (b) Restitution of Conjugal Rights
  - (c) Khula
  - (d) Anuloma Marriage
  - (e) Guardianship of person under Mohammedan Law
  - (f) Illatom adoption
  - (g) Special Marriage Act, 1954.

### PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. A, a Hindu widow sues her father and father-in-law for maintenance separately. Can she succeed?
- 9. A Hindu male married a Hindu female according to the Hindu form of marriage. After the marriage he becomes a convert to Christianity and she becomes a convert to Mohammedanism. They now want to have dissolution of Marriage. Advice them.
- 10. A Muslim male and a Christian girl married under the Special Marriage Act, 1954. The father of the girl filed a case before the District Court on the ground that the Register of Marriage has not given 30 days prior notice before the registration of the marriage. Can he succeed?

H 1149

HWE/HBBE

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/ B.Com. B.L. DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year — Third Semester

#### CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - I

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

#### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the nature and scope of the 'Right to equality' under Art 14 of the Constitution of India.
- 2. Examine the scope of the 'Right to freedom of religion' under the Indian Constitution.
- 3. Explain the manner in which the Supreme Court of India has tried to strike a balance between Fundamental rights and Directive principles.

### PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the modes of acquiring Indian citizenship under the Citizenship Act, 1955.
- 5. Describe the constitutional safeguards available to the persons arrested under the preventive detention laws.
- 6. "Freedom of press is the backbone of democracy" comment.

#### PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Preamble
  - (b) Right to livelihood
  - (c) Doctrine of severability
  - (d) Doctrine of waiver
  - (e) Fundamental duties
  - (f) Writ of mandamus
  - (g) Constitutional conventions.

#### PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. The 'X' legislature passed a law reserving posts in government service for backward classes and most backward classes. This classification was challenged by 'Y' before the High court as violative of the right under Art. 16 decide.
- 9. The police assumed that unless the under trial was handcuffed, he would escape. Hence, they handcuffed the under trial and brought him before the court. The under trial claimed compensation for violation of his fundamental right. Decide.
- 10. The working conditions in a stone quarry in Himachal Pradesh was inhuman and a voluntary organisation challenged the same before the High Court. The quarry owner questioned the locus standi of the voluntary organization. Decide.



H 1121

HBBH

# B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013)

Second Year — Fourth Semester

#### INDIAN ECONOMICS AND HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the features of under developed economy. And describe the factors affecting Indian economic development and growth.
- 2. Describe the salient features of Indian agriculture sector and its contribution to the GDP since independence.
- 3. Explain the causes of poverty in India and the steps that have been taken to eradicate poverty.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the role of industries in economic development.
- 5. What are the concepts and measures of HRD?
- 6. Evaluate New Economic Policy 1991.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Private sector and joint sector in economic development.
  - (b) Non-economic factors affecting the growth of Indian economy.
  - (c) Different economic systems.
  - (d) Land reforms in India.
  - (e) Population Policy 2000.

- (f) HRD processes after new economic reforms.
- (g) Types of unemployment.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) National Income and PI.
  - (b) Mixed economy.
  - (c) Agricultural labour.
  - (d) Agricultural credit.
  - (e) Industrial policy.
  - (f) Trade Union.
  - (g) Globalisation.
  - (h) WTO and GATT.

Register No.	
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H 1159

HWF/HBBF

# B.A.,B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com.,B.L, (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year - Fourth Semester

B.A.,B.L (Hons.): POLITICAL SCIENCE - III (INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS) (HWF)

B.Com.,B.L. (Hons.): POLITICAL SCIENCE – II (INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS) (HBBF)

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Analyse the various theories of international relations.
- 2. Discuss the concept of National power, its elements and limitations.
- 3. Explain 'Balance of Power' in international relations.

**PART B** —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Bring forth the importance of diplomacy in international relations.
- 5. Analyse the role of science and development in impacting on international relations.
- 6. Discuss SALT I and II briefly.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Disarmament.
  - (b) Conventions and the development of international law through international relations.

- (c) Contemporary issues of international relations.
- (d) Wars and their role in international relations.
- (e) Political power.
- (f) Imperialism in international relations.
- (g) Evolution of state as a player in international relations.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Nazism.
  - (b) II world war and international relations.
  - (c) Ideological differences and conflicts.
  - (d) International morality.
  - (e) Alliances and Counter alliances.
  - (f) Drone Attack.
  - (g) Terrorism.
  - (h) Nuclear Proliferation.



Register No.			

H 1071

**HBCA** 

## B.Com., B.L., (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013)

Third Year — Fifth Semester

#### MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the meaning of product life cycle and its stages.
- 2. Describe the objectives and importance of market segmentation.
- 3. Briefly, explain the various kinds of channels of distribution and discuss their functions.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. What are the advantages and disadvantages of packaging?
- 5. Explain the difference between sales promotion and advertising.
- 6. Explain the different types of pricing.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following.
  - (a) What is the concept of marketing mix?
  - (b) What are the functions of marketing?
  - (c) Who is a buyer?
  - (d) What are Industrial goods?
  - (e) What is meant by physical distribution?
  - (f) How brand helps in promotion of a product?
  - (g) What is meant by direct selling?

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Marketing management
  - (b) Facilitating functions
  - (c) Niche marketing
  - (d) Brand positioning
  - (e) Depth of a product
  - (f) New product development
  - (g) Personal selling
  - (h) Compensation.



Register No.

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H 1094

**HWG** 

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year — Fourth Semester

## ECONOMICS - II — INDIAN ECONOMY

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the role of public sector in Indian economic development since independence.
- 2. Explain the causes for the population growth in India. What are the steps taken by the government to control it? Discuss.
- 3. What do you understand by economic planning? Explain the different strategies adopted under the different Five Year Plans in India.

PART B 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Describe the causes for unemployment problem in India.
- 5. Explain the role of industries in economic development.
- 6. Evaluate New Economic Policy 1991.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Features of Indian economy
  - (b) Different economic systems
  - (c) Calculation of National Income in India
  - (d) Disguised unemployment problem in Indian agriculture

- (e) Agricultural marketing system
- (f) Small scale industries
- (g) Surplus and deficit financing.

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) Developing economy
  - (b) Development and growth
  - (c) Mixed economy
  - (d) Seasonal unemployment
  - (e) Rural development
  - (f) Cottage industries
  - (g) Export and import policies
  - (h) GATT and FDI.

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Register No.

H 1132

HBCF

# B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013)

Third Year — Sixth Semester

#### COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

1. During the year 2008, X Ltd., produced 50,000 units of a product. The following were the expenses:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Stock of raw materials on 1.1.2008	10,000
Stock of raw materials on 31.12.2008	20,000
Purchases	1,60,000
Direct wages	75,000
Direct expenses	25,000
Factory expenses	37,500
Office expenses	62,500
Selling expenses	25,000

You are required to prepare a cost sheet showing cost per unit and total cost at each stage.

2. From the particulars given below write up the stores ledger card:

2007 January

-1	Opening stock	1,000 units at Rs. 26 each
5	Purchased	500 units at Rs. 24.50 each
7	Issued	750 units
10	Purchased	1,500 units at Rs. 24 each
12	Issued	1,100 units
15	Purchased	1,000 units at Rs. 25 each

17	Issued	500 units
18	Issued	300 units
25	Purchased	1,500 units at Rs. 26 each
29	Issued	1,500 units

Adopt the FIFO method of issue and ascertain the value of the closing stock.

3. Describe the various piece rate systems and their pros and cons.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words.

4. Kumaresh Ltd., has three production departments 'A', 'B' and 'C' and two service departments 'D' and 'E'. The following figures an extracted from the records of the company.

Rent and Rates	5,000
Indirect wages	1,500
Depreciation of machinery	10,000
General lighting	600
Power	1,500
Sundries	10.000

Following further details are available:

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	Total	A	В	C	D	E
Floor space in sq. ft.	10,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	500
Light points	60	10	15	20	10	5
Direct wages (Rs.)	10,000	3,000	2,000	3,000	1,500	500
H.P. of machines	150	60	30	50	10	_
Value of machinery (Rs.)	2,50,000	60,000	80,000	1.00.000	5.000	5,000

Apportion the cost to various departments on the most equitable basis by preparing a primary departmental distribution summary.

- 5. (a) Calculate break even point from the following:
  Sales 1,000 units at Rs. 10 each Rs. 10,000
  Fixed cost Rs. 8,000
  - (b) If the selling price is reduced to Rs. 9, what is the new break even point?
- 6. Distinguish between financial accounting and cost accounting.

#### PART C - $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

### 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:

(a) Calculate the raw material consumed from the following details:

Raw materials purchased 80,000
Sale of material scrap 1,000
Opening stock of raw materials 12,000
Closing stock of raw materials 21,000

- (b) List out the different methods of costing.
- (c) What are the objects of material control?
- (d) Calculate Inventory Turnover ratio from the following:

  Opening stock Rs. 80,000; Closing stock Rs. 60,000; Materials purchased Rs. 2,60,000.
- (e) The time card of a worker reveals that in a normal week of 48 hours, he worked for 52 hours at the rate of Rs. 15 per hour. Taking over time premium at 100% of the time rate, calculate the gross wages.
- (f) In a certain factory during a month production department has incurred the following costs:

Direct material Rs. 10,000

Production overhead Rs. 2,500

Calculate the direct material percentage of overhead.

(g) What is a bin card?

#### PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) From the following data calculate P/V ratio.

    Sales 80,000; Fixed expenses 15,000; Break even point 50,000.
    - (b) Ascertain contribution:

Prime cost - 40,000

Variable overheads - 20,000

Fixed overheads - 30,000

Sales - 90,000.

- (c) State the basis of apportionment of the following service department expenses.
  - (i) Maintenance dept.
  - (ii) Canteen dept.
  - (iii) Storekeeping dept.
- (d) Calculate the direct labour hour rate from the following:
   Factory overheads Rs. 11,400
   Number of labour hours worked 2,28,000 hours.
- (e) Calculate the earnings of a worker under Halsey plan.

  Standard time 36 hours

  Actual time 30 hours

  Rate per hour Rs. 10.
- (f) What is meant by normal idle time?
- (g) Write note on EOQ.
- (h) Write a note on tenders.

Register No.

HBBG/HWH

H 1101

# B.A.,B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Second Year — Fourth Semester

#### JURISPRUDENCE

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Discuss the nature and scope of Jurisprudence.
- 2. Explain the nature and scope of International Law and Constitutional Law.
- 3. What is Law and explain its kinds?

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Enumerate the Sources of Law and examine the supremacy of Legislation.
- 5. Elaborate the concept of "Person" in the eye of law.
- 6. "Possession is nine out of ten points of Law" Comment.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Right
  - (b) Title
  - (c) Obiter Dicta
  - (d) Theories of Punishment
  - (e) Sociological School of Jurisprudence
  - (f) Jural Correlatives and Jural opposites
  - (g) Duty.

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. "A" and "B" are two sailors accompanied by a boy. They were left out without food in the open sea. After starving for nine days, both "A" and "B" were driven by the pangs of hunger. They both killed and ate the boy. Explain the liability of both "A" and "B".
- 9. Arjun and Pavithran were running two Departmental stores separately. Arjun sold all the products in his store at cheaper price than Pavithran's store; hence Pavithran incurred huge loss in his business in that financial year. Pavithran sued Arjun for causing loss in his business. Decide whether the case is maintainable or not?
- 10. Gopika and Gauri are companions. While walking on the road side, Gopika found a currency note of Rs. 100/ and told Gauri to take that currency. Gauri also took that and retained with her. Gopika, asked for that currency, but, Gauri argued that she is the bearer of that currency, hence it belongs to her. Conflict aroused between Gopika and Gauri. Decide the case.



Register No.


H 1134

HWI/HBBI

# B.A.B.L (Hons.)/ B.Com. B.L.(Hons) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2013)

Second Year - Fourth Semester

#### FAMILY LAW - II

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "The Hindu Succession Act, 1956 is considered to be Magna Carta in respect of Hindu woman's property rights" Explain.
- 2. State the rules of inheritance for distribution of estate among sharers and residuaries under Hanafi Law.
- 3. Distinguish between conditional bequest and contingent bequest. Explain the circumstances which render a bequest void.

## PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the different modes effecting partition and examine the effects of partition.
- 5. Who is Mutawalli? Examine his powers over Wakf Property.
- 6. Explain the various rules under the Indian Succession Act, 1925 relating to intestate succession.

### PART $C - (5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

47

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Coparcenary property.
  - (b) Gains of learning.
  - (c) Agnates.
  - (d) Mushaa.
  - (e) Hiba bil iwaz.
  - (f) Demonstrative legacy.
  - (g) Powers of the Executor.

### **PART D** – $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. A male Hindu dies leaving an adopted son, after born son, mother, father and his widow. Distribute the estate.
- 9. A Hanafi Mohammedan died leaving a widow, mother and one full sister. Distribute the estate.
- 10. A Christian died leaving his two sons, a daughter and mother. Divide the property among them.

HWJ/HBBJ

# B.A.B.L. (Hons)/B.Com. B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2013)

Second Year - Fourth Semester

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the procedure to amend the Indian Constitution. Also explain the importance of basic structure doctrine in amending the Constitution.
- 2. Critically examine the powers and functions of the collegium in appointing judges of the Supreme Court of India in the light of recent constitutional amendment of Art 124 and its judicial review.
- 3. Critically evaluate the powers of the President of India under Article 356 of the Constitution in the light of the Supreme Courts decision in S.R. Bommai V. Union of India.

**PART B** —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Write a note on pardoning power of the Governor.
- 5. Explain the priviliges and immunities of Parliament and its members.
- 6. What do you mean by inter-state trade and commerce? Discuss the Constitutional provisions that regulate inter state trade and commerce in India.

[P.T.O.]

### **PART** $C - (5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Doctrine of pith and substance.
  - (b) Doctrine of pleasure.
  - (c) Doctrine of legitimate expectation.
  - (d) Difference between tax and fee.
  - (e) Grant in aid.
  - (f) Difference between Money bill and Financial bill.
  - (g) Difference between Article 32 and 226 of the Constitution.

### PART D – $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. By means of an amendment to the Constitution, the election of dispute of the Prime Minister and Speaker were kept beyond the scope of the courts and judicial scrutiny. Decide.
- 9. Newspaper "X" had printed some News which affects the reputation of local MLA. Can any action be taken against the Newspaper? Advice.
- 10. The Government of India levies an import duty on goods imported by a State for Governmental use. This is challenged by the State on the ground that the property of the State is immune from Central Taxation. Decide.

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Register No.	

H<sub>1063</sub>

HXA

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011, 2012 and 2013)

Third Year — Fifth Semester

### PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define Public Administration. Trace the reasons for growth and development of Public Administration.
- 2. Discuss the salient principles of organization.
- 3. Discuss the significance of control over Public Administration.

**PART B** — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the steps involved in the policy making process in India.
- 5. Examine the role of Planning Commission and NDC.
- 6. Critically analyse the public corporations.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Scientific management theory
  - (b) O & M
  - (c) MGNREGA
  - (d) NHRC
  - (e) Contribution of Henry Fayol
  - (f) RTI
  - (g) Field Administration.

# PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly
  - (a) POSDCORB
  - (b) Chief executive
  - (c) Co ordination
  - (d) Communication
  - (e) SEBI
  - (f) Good Governance
  - (g) Executive control over Public Administration
  - (h) Disaster Management Act.

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H 1088

HBCB

# B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013)

Third Year — Fifth Semester

#### FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

PART A —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the objectives of financial management.
- 2. Dubin Ltd. has equity share capital of Rs. 12,00,000 divided into shares of Rs. 100 each. It wishes to raise further Rs. 6,00,000 for expansion-cum-modernisation scheme. The company plans the following financing alternatives:

Plan A - by issuing equity shares only.

Plan B – Rs. 2,00,000 by issuing equity shares and Rs. 4,00,000 through debentures @ 10% p.a..

Plan C - Rs. 2,00,000 by issuing equity shares and Rs. 4,00,000 by issuing 9% preference shares.

Plant D – By raising term loan only at 10% p.a

You are required to suggest the best alternative giving your comment assuming that the estimated EBIT after expansion is Rs. 2,25,000 and corporate rate of tax is 40%.

3. Sakthi Ltd. issued 20,000, 8% debentures of Rs. 100 each on 1st April 2009. The cost of issue was Rs. 50,000. The company's tax rate is 35%. Determine the cost of debentures (before as well as after tax) if they were issued, (a) at par; (b) at a premium of 10%.

### PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Distinguish between shares and debentures.
- 5. The earnings per share of Nadal Ltd. are Rs. 15 and the rate of capitalisation applicable to the company is 12%. The productivity of earnings (r) is 12%.

Compute the market value of the company's share if the payout is (a) 20%; (b) 50%; (c) 70%; Which is the optimum payout?

6. Determine the working capital requirements of a company from the information given below:

Operating cycle components;

Raw materials = 60 days

W.I.P = 45 days /

Finished goods = 15 da/s

Debtors = 30 days

Creditors = 60 days

Annual turnover = 73 lakhs; cost structure (as % of sale price) is materials 50%, Labour 30%, Overheads 10% and profit = 10%. Of the overheads, 30% constitute depreciation. Desired cash balance to be held at all times: Rs. 3 lakhs.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) What are the tools of financial management?
  - (b) What are the different types of debentures?
  - (c) Calculate operating and financial leverages from the following particulars:

Units sold 5,000

Selling price per unit Rs. 30

Variable cost P.U. Rs. 20

EBIT Rs. 30,000

10% public debt Rs. 1,00,000

(d) Hens man Ltd., earns Rs. 15 per share. The company is capitalised at a rate of 12% and has a return on investment of 18%. According to Walter's formula, what should be the price per share at 60% dividend payout ratio?



- (e) Write short notes on marginal cost of capital.
- (f) Mather Ltd. issued Rs. 8,00,000, 8% debentures at a discount of 5%. The flotation costs are 4%. Assuming tax rate of 40%, compute cost of debt before tax and after tax.
- (g) A firm requires total capital funds of Rs. 50 lacs and has two opinions; All equity; and half equity and half 15% debt. The equity shares can be currently issued at Rs. 100 per share. The expected EBIT of the company is Rs. 5,00,000 with tax rate at 40%. Find out the EPS under both the financial mix.

### PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly:
  - (a) How will you compute the cost of debt capital?
  - (b) Kalyan Ltd., issued 50,000 12% Debentures of Rs. 100 each at par. The tax rate is 40%. Calculate cost of debt before tax and after tax.
  - (c) Give a short note on hire purchase financing.
  - (d) What do you mean by Debt securitization.
  - (e) From the following particulars, calculate operating leverage,

Sales Rs. 1,20,000

Variable cost Rs. 72,000

Interest Rs. 12,000

Fixed cost Rs. 18,000

- (f) What are the types of leverages?
- (g) Composite cost of capital.
- (h) What do you mean by variable working capital?



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HXD

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2013)

Third Year — Fifth Semester

### **HUMAN RIGHTS LAW**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

PART A — 
$$(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define "Human Rights". Examine the importance of first generation human rights.
- 2. Discuss the scope of "Public Interest Litigation" to address human rights issues.
- 3. Critically examine the importance and influence of UDHR in international Human Rights Law.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Trace the legal protection available to Scheduled Caste in India.
- 5. Explain the powers and functions of NHRC.
- 6. Write a short essay on "European Convention on Human Rights".

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Theories of Human Rights.
  - (b) Magna carta.
  - (c) State Human Rights Commission.
  - (d) Slavery.
  - (e) CEDAW.
  - (f) Rights of Prisoners.
  - (g) Rights of Disabled.

# PART D - (2 × 6 = 12 marks)

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. Mr. 'X' was convicted for the crime of theft, by trial court. He does not have sufficient means to appeal to the High Court. Whether Mr. X has any method to file an appeal?
- 9. A private hospital conducted a "Free Eye Camp". Unfortunately, many poor persons lost their vision. Decide the remedies available at Human Rights Forum.
- 10. 'D' is a convict. He was hospitalized due to cancer. He was handcuffed during the course of his stay in hospital. 'X', a public spirited person, writes a letter to CJI about this incident. Decide.

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# B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013)

Third Year — Fifth Semester

#### COMPANY LAW

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Explain the various classes of Company and expound the characteristics of each.
- 2. What are the pre-requisites for a valid allotment of shares, as per the Companies Act and the Indian Contract Act?
- 3. Explicate about the administration of CLAT, NCLT and Special courts.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Expound the statutory provision contained in the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to inter corporate borrowings, lendings and investments.
- 5. Discuss the power and duties of liquidator's in the winding-up of companies.
- 6. Define the terms, prospectus, abridged prospectus, deemed prospectus and red-herring prospectus and the requisite for filing a prospectus with the registrar of Companies.

PART C —  $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) One person company
  - (b) Independent director
  - (c) Debentures
  - (d) Oppression

- (e) Defunct companies
- (f) Registration of charges
- (g) Dividend.

### PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. The Board of direction of A & B Company publish a prospectus inviting proposals for purchasing shares in the company, stating in the prospectus that the aggregate sum received through the issue will be used for improving the infrastructure of the company and expanding the business. The actual reason for the issue was to utilize the amount in repaying debts of the company. This comes to the knowledge of the share-holders and they file a suit against the Directors. The Directors claim that they have not used the money to repay any debt. Decide.
- 9. A company generating money by issuing debenture and creating a charge on its machinery. Later the debenture-holders came to know that the company has entered into negotiation for amalgamating with another company. Discuss the right of the debenture-holder in this situation.
- 10. A person is a share-holder in a company and also appointed to the Board of Directors. He also renders professional services to the company as a lawyer. When he has travelled to New Delhi to appear on behalf of the company, as its lawyer, he met with an accident and dies. His widow claims compensation from the company, stating that he was a director of the company and hence the company should compensate for the death of its employee, the director. Decide.

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B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2013)

Third Year — Sixth Semester

### PRACTICAL AUDITING

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Discuss in brief the advantages and limitations of auditing.
- 2. Describe the procedure relating to vouching of credit purchases.
- 3. Describe the various rights conferred upon a company auditor.

**PART B** —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the contents of an audit note book.
- 5. Explain the objectives of verification.
- 6. When is an auditor of a company to be appointed by a special resolution?

PART C —  $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) What are the objects of working papers?
  - (b) What is test checking?
  - (c) What is an unpaid expenditure?
  - (d) Distinguish between provisions and reserves.
  - (e) How are auditors of government companies appointed?
  - (f) What are the basic features of EDP environment?
  - (g) Distinguish between internal check and internal audit.

## PART D — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Internal control.
  - (b) Auditor's Lien.
  - (c) Contigent liability.
  - (d) Wasting asset.
  - (e) Methods of depreciation.
  - (f) Reserve fund.
  - (g) First auditor.
  - (h) EDP.



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# B.A., B.L., (Hons.) / B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2013)

Third Year — Fifth Semester

#### PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

#### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Analyse the various sources of International Law. Point out how the 'General Principles of Law recognised by Civilised Nations' are ascertained. Refer to decided cases.
- 2. Define treaty. Explain the different kinds of treaties and point out the circumstances under which treaties may be terminated.
- 3. Explain the various jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice. How far the decisions of the court are enforced?

### **PART B** — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. "International Law is the vanishing point of Jurisprudence" Explain.
- 5. Examine the theories relating to recognition.
- 6. Explain the rights, privileges and immunities of Diplomatic Envoys.

### **PART C** — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Monism
  - (b) Extradition
  - (c) Calvo doctrine
  - (d) Pacta sunt servanda
  - (e) Five Freedoms of Air
  - (f) Lotus case
  - (g) Hot pursuit

### PART D - $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of Law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. The States 'X' and 'Y' has a bilateral agreement with an idea to use of sea passage for commercial purposes with a conditional precedent. Due to political reasons, 'Y' violate the condition. Decide.
- 9. State 'R' was facing civil disturbance in a region to form a separate state. State 'M' supported the separatist groups and supplied arms and ammunitions. State 'R' suppressed all separatist groups but lost significant troops and property. Advise State 'R'.
- 10. Two experts were appointed by the UN to oversee a truce agreement between the government forces and rebels. The truce agreement was breached and both the experts were killed in the territory controlled by the government forces. The UN brought a claim against the government. Will it succeed? Decide.

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# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011 and 2012)

Fourth Year — Seventh Semester

#### **COMPANY LAW**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "A promoter occupies a fiduciary position and since he is like a trustee of the company, all his dealings should be fair and open" Discuss.
- 2. "A company must confine itself only to business activities which are listed in the objects clause of its memorandum" Explain this statement with decided cases.
- 3. The rule that governs the management of the company is that the "will of the majority shall prevail and bind the minority shareholders". Discuss the exceptions to this rule.

### PART B $\stackrel{\cdot}{=}$ (2 × 7 = 14 marks)

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the rules relating to framing of Prospectus. What are the remedies available to the shareholders in case of misrepresentation in the Prospectus.
- 5. Doctrine of constructive notice helps the company and Indoor management helps the outsiders". Narrate this with the help of decided cases.
- 6. "Directors are not only the agents of the company but in some sense trustees of the company" Explain.

### PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Preference shares
  - (b) Floating charge
  - (c) Powers of auditor
  - (d) One person company
  - (e) Transfer and transmission of shares
  - (f) Special Resolution
  - (g) Share certificate.

PART D — 
$$(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. A company which was formed for running 'Trade and Business', has decided to run 'Cargo Service' not only for their business but also for outsiders and decided to buy 10 trucks. In this regard they have passed an ordinary resolution in their general meeting. But 1/10<sup>th</sup> of the members oppose this move and file a petition before the court of law Decide.
- 9. The promoters of AB & Co. has purchased a land for the proposed company for 4.5 lakhs. One year after its incorporation it was found out that, actual money for which the said land was purchased was only 3 lakhs. The said promoter is at present not at all a member of the company. Now the company files a suit against the said promoter to claim the secret profit and to claim compensation from him for cheating the company. Decide.
- 10. A company which made good profit for the past 5 years has decided to decrease its share capital and passed an ordinary resolution in its Annual General Meeting and returned money to the investors proportionately. Two shareholders after receiving money, file a petition before the court of law stating that the procedure followed by the company is arbitrary and hence the company has no right to reduce the share capital. Decide.

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# B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014)

First Year — First Semester

#### LEGAL METHODS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

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Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "Legal methods as a discipline focalises on imparting the foundational aspects of law and that of its research" Discuss.
- 2. Explain the utility of learning judicial methods.
- 3. Examine the merits and de-merits of doctrinal research in law.

**PART B** —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the components of a synopsis in legal research.
- 5. Trace the significance of Section 3 of the General Clauses Act, 1897.
- 6. Define behavioural science. Explain the relevance of multi-disciplinary approach in legal research.

PART C -- (5 × 4 = 20 marks)

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Definition of human rights
  - (b) Qualities of legal researcher
  - (c) Principles of natural justice
  - (d) Interview method
  - (e) Computer assisted legal research
  - (f) Comparative jurisprudence
  - (g) Textualism and purposivism.

### **PART D** — $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Answer SIX of the following very briefly.
  - (a) Utility of maxims
  - (b) Social justice
  - (c) Logical reasoning
  - (d) Substantive and procedural laws
  - (e) Law library
  - (f) Plagiarism
  - (g) Sources of international law
  - (h) Data collection.



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# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Fourth Year — Seventh Semester

### **REGULATORY LAWS**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

PART A  $-(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Briefly explain the procedure and powers of Appellate Tribunal of the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India Under TRAI (Amendment) Act, 2000.
- 2. Bring out the Duties, Powers and functions of the Securities Exchange Board of India.
- 3. What are the functions of Central Electricity Regulatory Commission and State Electricity Regulatory Commission established under the Electricity Act, 2003?

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss the various theories of Regulations.
- 5. Bring out the basic features of National Pension System.
- 6. Explain the provisions of SEBI (Insider Trading) Regulations.

PART C -  $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Regulation beyond the State.
  - (b) National Electricity Policy.
  - (c) Consumer.

- (d) Interim Pension Fund Regulatory Authority.
- (e) Hydro-Electric generation.
- (f) Telecommunication Service.
- (g) Role of SEBI in regulating Secondary Market.

**PART D** —  $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. A company issued a prospectus in which some of the vital informations were omitted. Some of the purchasers of shares filed a complaint before the SEBI. But the company stated that they have not stated any misstatements in the prospectus and so they are not liable. Decide.
- 9. The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) has been established by law to oversees telecom providers in India. Mr. 'A' challenges the decision of a Private Telecom Company in the Supreme Court to charge a lower rent tariff from certain category of consumers as being violative of right to equality on the ground that the company is a State under Article 12 of Constitution. Decide the maintainability of the petition.
- 10. SEBI cancelled and suspended registration of an intermediary. Later the intermediary was also imposed monetary penalty for the defaults committed by him. He challenged the order imposing penalty. Decide.

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# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Fourth Year — Eighth Semester

### **COMPETITION LAW**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. The determination of relevant market by the competition authority has to be done, having due regard to the relevant product and geographic market Discuss.
- 2. "The concept of abuse of dominant position is an objective concept relating to the behaviour of an undertaking which is such as to influence the structure of a market" Explain this statement with the help of decided cases.
- 3. Explain the factors to be considered in determining whether a combination would have an appreciable adverse effect on competition in India.

## **PART B** — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. "The essence of bid rigging is that the independence in the bidding process is taken away and the bid offered is the result of collusion" Explain with decided cases.
- 5. "Charging a predatory price is one form of abuse of a dominant position" Discuss.
- 6. "The per se rule avoids the necessity for an incredibly complicated and prolonged economic investigation into the entire history of the industry involved" Examine this statement with decided cases.

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### PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Price fixing.
  - (b) Tie-in arrangement.
  - (c) Definition of agreement under Competition Act 2002.
  - (d) IPR and Competition Law.
  - (e) Leniency in Cartel cases.
  - (f) Cross Border issues and competition.
  - (g) Competition in professional services.

**PART D** — 
$$(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. Dr. 'X' Company was a manufacturer of proprietary medicines. The agreement between the Dr. 'X' Co and the wholesale agents and the retail agents that they were not to sell at less than the full retail price as printed on the packages. The wholesalers and retailers were also prohibited from selling the proprietary medicines at any price to wholesalers or retailers who were not accredited agents of Dr. 'X' Company. One of the wholesale agent John X Co. filed a complaint before the CCI that the agreement was violative of Sec. 3 of the Competition Act. Decide.
- 9. A complaint was field before the CCI that 'X' TV was spending Rs. 4,500 to acquire a single customer and was offering its services (DTH operations) for only Rs. 440 as a four months subscription fee along with a free set top box. It was also alleged that 'X' TV was charging subscription charges of Rs. 99 / month which was less than what was prescribed by TRAI. According to the complaint the above acts by 'X' TV was trying to eliminate competition in the market. Decide.
- 10. Continental can Co. the country's second largest producer of metal containers, acquired the assets, business and goodwill of Hazel-Atlas Glass Co. the third largest producer of glass containers in the country by issue of shares in continental for assets acquired. After the acquisition the assets of the Co. was more than Rs. 2,000 Cr. in India. A complaint was field before the CCI that the said acquisition was void. Decide.

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## B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011 and 2012)

Fifth Year — Tenth Semester

#### MARITIME LAWS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define "Maritime Claim" and explain its enforcement under Maritime Law.
- 2. Discuss the nature and scope of the Admiralty Law and the jurisdiction of the High Courts of India.
- 3. "A ship entitled to fly the flag of a country needs to be registered in that country"— Elucidate.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the concept of "Exclusive Economic Zone".
- 5. "Admiralty Jurisdiction extends to the cases of collision of a ship with something that may be another ship or other object or even a human-being" Discuss.
- 6. Analyze the significance of the ratio-decidendi incorporated in "M. V. Elizabeth & Others vs. Harwan Investment & Trading Case" (AIR 1993-SC 1014).

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Salvage.
  - (b) Safety of Life at Sea.

- (c) Maritime Zones Act of 1976.
- (d) Hot pursuit.
- (e) High Seas.
- (f) Principle of freedom of the sea.
- (g) Ship Mortgages.

## **PART D** — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. States 'A' and 'B' are Coastal States and envisaged the arbitral mode of settlement regarding maritime boundaries. 'A' failed to the terms of the agreement. It has resulted in maritime dispute between them. 'B' filed a case against 'A' in the International Court of Justice. 'A' challenges the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice. Decide.
- 9. Ship 'X' which has no proper certificates for voyage was owned by 'Y' shipping company. 'Z' is a charter party who hired 'X' with limited usage. But 'Z' violates IMO's safety management regulations and loads the goods heavily. Due to rough weather, 'X' gets capsized. The owner of the goods makes claim against 'Y'. Examine the liability of the 'Y'.
- 10. Coastal States 'A' and 'B' are neighbours. A dispute arose on fisheries rights between them, regarding the effect of implementing the straight baseline which includes the territorial water area. Analyse the merit of the issue.

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# B.A. B.L. (Hons.), B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011, 2012 and 2013)

Third Year - Sixth Semester

#### ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Critically examine the various methods of legislative control over delegated legislation and its effectiveness.
- 2. "The applicability of the doctrine of estoppel against the government or public authority, however, hinges upon balance of equity as also public interest". Discuss.
- 3. Discuss the scope and extent of judicial review of administrative discretion.

### PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Examine Dicey's 'Rule of Law' and state how far it has been adopted in the Constitution of India.
- 5. "The proposition is now firmly established that reasons should be given by an adjudicatory authority and the failure to do so would invalidate the order". Analyse.
- 6. Discuss the significance of the Writ of Certiorari as a means to control the administrative action.

### **PART C** — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Droit Administratiff
  - (b) Henry VIII clause

- (c) Declaratory action
- (d) Right to information
- (e) Contractual liability of the state
- (f) Franks Committee
- (g) Public Corporations

## **PART D** — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. Section 37(1) of the Payment of Bonus Act empowered the Central Government to make such orders, not inconsistent with the purpose of the Act, as might be necessary or expedient for the removal of any doubts. Section 37(2) made the order passed by the Central Government Under 37(1) final. The validity of the above section was challenged. Decide.
- 9. The State Government had constituted an assessment committee in order to recommend and select books of various authors and publishers on various school subjects. Some of the persons whose books were in the selection list were members of the assessment committee. The meeting of the committee was held. In this meeting when the books were being assessed, an individual member would withdraw when his book was taken up for consideration. However, that member participated in deliberations when books of other members were considered. The result was that the books of members of the assessment committee were accorded approval. The action of the Government was challenged. Decide.
- 10. About 700 to 800 poor peasants and landless persons had gathered for peaceful meeting. Without any previous warning by the police or any provocation on the part of those gathered, the Superintendent of Police surrounded the gathering with the help of police force and opened fire, as a result of which atleast 24 persons, including children died and many were injured. A writ petition was filed before the Supreme Court claiming compensation for the victims of the firing. Decide.

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# B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com. B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2013)

Third Year — Sixth Semester

### PROPERTY LAW

Time: 21 hours

Maximum: 70 marks

## PART A $-(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Discuss the effects of condition restraining alienation of property and of restrictions on the enjoyment of property.
- 2. Explain the doctrine of part-performance and point out the difference between English and Indian law.
- 3. Describe the circumstances under which easements are extinguished, suspended or revived.

# PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14^{\circ} \text{marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss the rules regarding transfer of property in favour of a person not in existence.
- 5. State the essential features of a mortgage by conditional sale and differentiate it from a sale with condition for reconveyance.
- 6. What are the characteristics of licence? Distinguish it with easements.

## PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Doctrine of cypres
  - (b) Fraudulent transfer
  - (c) Clog on redemption
  - (d) Forfeiture of lease
  - (e) Onerous gift
  - (f) Quasi-easement
  - (g) Immovable property.

### PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. 'A' orally transfers immovable property of worth Rs. 50,000 to his wife in discharge of her claim for future maintenance. Is the transfer valid?
- 9. 'A' mortgages his vacant site with the mortgagee 'B'. After sometime 'A' constructed a house for his residence upon the property mortgaged. Whether 'B' is entitled to have the building as additional security?
- 10. 'X' agrees to transfer his property to 'Y' on condition that 'Y' should marry 'Z' with the consent of P, Q and R. 'Y' married 'Z' with the consent of P and Q and obtained R's consent after marriage. Can 'Y' claim the property from 'X?

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# B.A.,B.L. (Hons) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the Candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Third Year — Fifth Semester

## INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES

Time:  $|2\frac{1}{2}|$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "Interpretation as a process focalises on understanding the enactments and that of learning the methods in its application"—Examine.
- 2. Explain the conditions required to apply the principle of ejusdem generis. Illustrate with the help of decided cases.
- 3. "Interpretation of social security legislations are not matters of arithmetical equation, as they involve welfare schemes"— Discuss.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the relevance of Extrinsic Aids of Interretation.
- 5. Trace the significance of the Law Commission of India's Reports on the General Clauses Act.
- 6. Define Crime. Examine the rules of interpreting penal statutes.

**PART** C —  $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Doctrine of pith and substance.
  - (b) Legal fiction
  - (c) Non-obstante clause
  - (d) Reasonable construction

- (e) Interpreting taxing statutes
- (f) Ex positio Visceribus Actus.
- (g) Ouster clause

## PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to relevant provisions of law and decided cases. Give cogent reasons.

- 8. In a case involving Article 32 of the Constitution of India, the petitioner submits that, the court is empowered to issue any other Writ apart from the specific writs available. Decide.
- 9. 'X' is accused by molesting 'Y'. 'Z' a child of 5 years old is the eye witness. During the trial, the defence argues that child witness is incompetent with reference to sexual offences. Whether such an argument is valid? Decide in light of Sec. 118 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.
- 10. In a case involving the interpretation of the definition of the term "Constitution", the parties submit that, the definition available under the General Clauses Act is non-exhaustive in nature. Decide.

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HXI

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Third Year — Sixth Semester

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- Discuss briefly the procedure involved in the dispute settlement 1. mechanism under the WTO.
- Discuss the judicial analysis of the concept of 'deceptive similarity'. 2.
- "Patent on software is still controversial" Elucidate with the help of 3. case laws.

### **PART B** — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- What do you mean by the concept of fraudulent or obvious imitation' in 4. the context of piracy of registered design?
- Explain the significance of "well known mark" in India. 5.
- 6. Briefly examine the concept of property under Marxian theory.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Patent of Addition
  - (b) Work of joint authorship under Copyright Act
  - (c) Inventive - step
  - (d) True and first inventor
  - Subject matter and the scope of Semi Conductor Integrated Circuit (e) Layout Design.
  - Minimum standard under TRIPS Agreement (f)
  - Farmers' Right. (g)

# PART D — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law and decided cases Give cogent reasons.

- 8. A farmer invented a new method of agriculture which enhances soil fertility and ensures greater yield. He wants to apply for a patent for such method. Can he succeed? Explain with reasons.
- 9. A would like to protect the computer programme designed by him. Advice him as to the proper mode of IPR protection.
- 10. The State of West-Bengal, authorized 'X' an artist to create a historical mural reflecting the Indian best art and heritage. After completing the work, the mural was located in a famous Govt. building in West-Bengal. Later, the building was demolished and the mural was replaced. At the time of demolition the mural got damaged and the name of the 'X' appearing on the bottom of the mural disappeared. The 'X' felt that the act of the State of West Bengal brought disrepute to his honour. 'X' wants to take Legal proceedings against the State of West Bengal Advise.



Register No.

H 1097

HYB

## B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011 and 2012)

Fourth Year — Seventh Semester

### LABOUR LAW - I

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define retrenchment and state the conditions precedent and the procedure for retrenchment of workmen under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.
- 2. Discuss the extent of protection given to the office bearers of a registered trade union against civil and criminal liabilities under the Trade Unions Act, 1926.
- 3. Explain the concept of living wage, fair wage and minimum wage and state the procedure for fixing and revising minimum wages under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the procedure for submission and certification of standing orders under the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946.
- 5. Examine the powers and duties of conciliation officer and Board of Conciliation under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.
- 6. Discuss the appointment, powers and procedure of authority to hear and decide claims under the Payment Wages Act, 1936.

## PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) International Labour Organisation
  - (b) Award
  - (c) Industrial dispute

- (d) Amalgamation of Trade Unions
- (e) Collective bargaining
- (f) Subsistence theory of wages
- (g) Domestic enquiry.

- 8. An industrial company used to give annual contract for maintenance of plant and premises. 70 persons were employed by the contractor. Unlike regular workmen of the company, the workmen of the contractor were getting low wages and were not provided any security of tenure. The regular workmen of the company raised an industrial dispute demanding the abolition of the contract system and for absorbing the workmen of the contractor into regular service of the company. The dispute was referred to the industrial tribunal. The management contended that the dispute is not an industrial dispute. Decide.
- 9. Two rival groups of a registered trade union sent two different panels of office-bearers, each claiming its executive to be validly elected one. The Registrar accepted one set of office-bearers which was recognised by the management. The other group, aggrieved by the decision of the Registrar moved the High Court seeking to quash the order of the Registrar. Decide.
- 10. Some employees of a company indulged in go slow and resorted to strike for 3 days. 29 employees were not allowed to resume work unless they sign a guarantee bond. The company deducted wages for the strike period of 3 days and for the days for which they were not allowed to resume work without signing the guarantee bond. The employees challenged the deductions. Decide.

HYD

# B.A. B.L. (Hons) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Fourth Year — Seventh Semester

#### **BANKING LAW**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART** A —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. State the role played by RBI in regulating commercial banks in India.
- 2. Discuss the importance of 'banker' 'customer' relationship in the present era of modern banking.
- 3. State the liability of banks in cases of fraud committed by bank employees.

# **PART B** — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss the recent judicial perspectives pertaining to dishonour of cheques.
- 5. What are the various types of crossing? And also state the effect of crossing cheques.
- 6. Explain the powers functions and duties of Debt Recovery Tribunal.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Schedule banks
  - (b) Negotiation
  - (c) Debit card and Credit card

- (d) Banking ombudsman
- (e) Currency chest
- (f) Special status of SBI
- (g) Promissory note

- 8. "A" issues a cheque to "B" for Rs. 1,00,000, which was a payment for a time barred debt. The cheque was presented for payment and the same was dishonoured. "B" sues "A" for dishonour of cheque. Decide.
- 9. "X" is a private bank which started to issue their own money circulation to their own customers. RBI threatens "X" and says that they would cancel their banking license. Decide.
- 10. "A" is a banking customer who keeps his jewels in the bank locker for safety. "A" also pays some rent for the locker. Later on "A" finds some jewels missing. Decide whether the bank is liable even though the key of the locker was with "A".



Register No.	

HXG

## B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011, 2012 and 2013)

Third Year — Sixth Semester

#### LAW OF EVIDENCE

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** — 
$$(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "Some evidence which do not fall within the definition of evidence may yet form the basis of proof' Discuss.
- 2. "No confession made to a police officer shall be proved as against a person accused of any offence". Discuss.
- 3. What is burden of proof? State the instances under which the burden of proof lies under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. When does secondary evidence of a document becomes admissible?
- 5. State the exceptions to the rule that opinion evidence is not admissible in evidence.
- 6. Who is called 'an accomplice'? How far the evidence of accomplice is admissible under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872?

PART C 
$$-$$
 (5 × 4 = 20 marks)

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Res Gestae
  - (b) Extra Judicial Confession
  - (c) Secondary evidence
  - (d) Ambiguous document

- (e) Estoppel
- (f) Exception to Hearsay evidence
- (g) Trap witness

- 8. 'A' is indicted for the murder of 'B'. 'C' says that 'B', while dying, declared that 'A' caused the wound to 'B', of which he died. How can the credit of witness be impeached? Decide.
- 9. 'A' sues 'B' for a libel contained in a letter forming part of a correspondence. Letters between the parties relating to the subject out of which the libel arose, the part of the correspondence in which contained, though they do not contain libel itself. Whether part of the correspondence would be relevant? Decide.
- 10. 'A' sues 'B', for trespass on his land. 'B' alleges the existence of public right of way over the land, which' A' denies. In an earlier case, 'A' has a decree against 'C' for trespass on the same land. Decide the relevancy.



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HYG

# B.A.B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016

(For the candidates admitted during 2011 and 2012)

Fourth Year — Eighth Semester

#### LABOUR LAW - II

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

## **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "Social security measures have introduced an element of stability and protection in the midst of the stresses and strains of modern life" Discuss.
- 2. Examine the provisions relating to safety and welfare of the workers under the Factories Act, 1948.
- 3. Discuss the schemes envisaged under the Employee's Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.

## PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the constitution and functioning of Employee's Insurance Court under the Employee's State Insurance Act 1948.
- 5. Examine as to how far the Maternity Benefits Act, 1961 provide social security to women workers during child birth.
- 6. Discuss the amount of compensation and explain the principles to decide quantum of compensation under the Employee's Compensation Act 1923.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Employee's State Insurance Corporation.
  - (b) Commissioner under the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923.

- (c) Settlement of provident fund claims.
- (d) Set on and set off of allocable surplus.
- (e) Certifying surgeons.
- (f) Opening and closing hours under the Tamil Nadu shops and Establishments Act, 1947.
- (g) Recovery of gratuity.

- 8. Mr. Rahu, a driver of one Karal Co. drove the car in high speed and dashed against a lorry which resulted in his death. His widow claimed compensation, but the employer challenges on the ground of negligent driving of Mr. Rahu Decide.
- 9. Mr. Raju, a casual employee, of 'Ringa' company actually worked in the accounting year of 2013 for 25 days. However he was absent due to temporary disablement caused by an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, for 8 days. Further he has been laid off for 3 days as per the service agreement. Is he eligible to bonus under the Payment of Bonus Act 1965?
- 10. A textile factory requested the workers who were working 40 hours a week to work 48 hours a week. The workers demanded over time wages for the additional 8 hours. But the management refuses to pay extra wages for the additional eight hours Decide.

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Register No.

H 1073

HYF

## B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011 and 2012)

Fourth Year — Eighth Semester

#### ENVIRONMENTAL LAW INCLUDING ANIMAL WELFARE LAWS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define sustainable development. How far the concept of sustainable development is recognised by the Supreme Court of India. Refer to decided cases.
- 2. Examine the powers of the Central Government to protect the environment under the Environmental Protection Act, 1986.
- 3. Explain the various authorities under the Wild Life [Protection] Act, 1972 with their power and functions.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Describe the importance of the Stockholm Declaration on Human Environment, 1972.
- 5. Examine the functions of the Central Pollution Control Board to prevent and control air pollution under the Air Act, 1981.
- 6. Explain the functions of the National Green Tribunal.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Economic and social council
  - (b) Eco-labelling
  - (c) Environmental laboratories
  - (d) Absolute liability

- (e) Green Bench
- (f) S. Jagannath Vs Union of India
- (g) National Water Policy, 2002.

- 8. 750 acres of agricultural land was acquired by the government for laying 600 kms railway line through east coast by the Kongan Railway. PEOPLE WATCH a farmer's association challenged the decision on the ground that conversion of land for commercial purpose. Decide.
- 9. The Government of India approved a project to generate energy from nuclear power plant in forest area. GREEN FUTURE, an NGO challenged the decision of the government on the ground that the establishment of nuclear power plant does not adhered to international environmental principle, itself a violation of Article 21 of the Constitution of India. Decide.
- 10. State government took a decision permitting certain tribals to collect tender leaves from sanctuaries and national parks. A Writ petition was filed on the ground that if the tribals were permitted to collect tender leaves that would defeat the objective of the forest law. Decide.

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HXJ/HBCJ

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.)/B.Com., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (Semester) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the Candidates admitted from 2011 to 2013)

Third Year — Sixth Semester

#### **INSURANCE LAW**

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

#### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. 'The chain of causation is handy expression, but the figure is inadequate. Causation is not a chain but a net' Lord Shaw Explicate the application of the doctrine of Causa Proxima in insurance contract.
- 2. Explain the concept of General average and Constructive total loss with reference to Marine Insurance.
- 3. Decide the scope of claiming the insurance amount where loss in caused due to felo de se bringing out the difference between Indian and English law.

### PART B — $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Explain the constitution, powers and functions of the Motor Vehicle Claim Tribunal.
- 5. Decide the scope of the term 'fire and fire losses' under fire insurance Contracts.
- 6. Expound the application of the doctrine of subrogation, contribution and re-instatement to insurance contracts.

#### PART C — $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Contracts of insurance are aleatory in nature.
  - (b) Fully paid up policy for a lesser amount
  - (c) Special Doctrine in Fire insurance.
  - (d) Foundering.
  - (e) Permanent disablement.
  - (f) Contingent survivorship insurance.
  - (g) Difference between change of voyage and deviation.

**PART D** — 
$$(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$$

- 8. An immovable property was insured with 'A'. 'A' reinsured with 'B'. When a claim was made for damage sustained by the property, due to insured peril, 'A' indemnified the loss and in-turn was indemnified by 'B' the re-insurer. Subsequently, it was discovered that the insured's claim was fraudulent. Decide the rights of 'A' and 'B'.
- 9. 'C' insures the life of a child, her niece. Later the child dies and a claim for the insurance amount is made by 'C'. On inquiry it comes to light that the cause of death is poisoning by 'C'. Discuss the status of the claim made under the policy.
- 10. A permanent super-structure was insured against fire. A terrorist hijacked a plane and crashed it into this building, causing a great ball of fire which destroyed the building. The insured claims that the destruction was caused by fire. Discuss the extent of the insurer's liability.

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Register No.

H 1065

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## B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011)

Fifth Year — Ninth Semester

#### LAW OF TAXATION

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** - (2 × 12 = 24 marks)

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Define Tax. Distinguish Tax and Fee. Discuss about different types of taxes with its advantages and disadvantages.
- 2. Explain "Income" and "Exempted Income". Examine the income which fall under the head of income from salary.
- 3. Income of certain other persons should also be included in the assessee's total income. Examine the statement.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Analyse about the canons of taxation.
- 5. Explain the following:
  - (a) Let out property under income from house property
  - (b) Self occupied property under income from house property
- 6. Explain about the assessment of special class assessee.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Finance bill and Finance Act
  - (b) Agricultural income
  - (c) Income from Business

- (d) Income from other sources
- (e) Deduction u/s 80C's (80C, 80CC, 80CCC)
- (f) Self Assessment
- (g) Authorities under TN VAT Act 2006.

Answer TWO of the following by referring to the relevant provisions of law.

Give cogent reasons.

- 8. Decide how the following particulars will be assessed under the Income Tax Act.
  - (a) Mr. A paid Rs.65,000 p.a. as Medical insurance premium.
  - (b) Mr. X contributed Rs.1,00,000 to a political party
  - (c) Mr. Z received Rs.6,75,000 as royalty on patent.
- 9. The Income and Expenditure particulars of Mrs. A during the previous year 2015-16 are as follows:

Income:

- (a) Basic Salary Rs.10,00,000 (p.a.)
- (b) Dearness allowance Rs.2,00,000 (p.a)
- (c) HRA (House Rent Allowance) Rs.1,00,000 (p.a.)
- (d) Income from agriculture Rs.10,00,000 (p.a.)
- (e) Winning from reality show Rs.3,00,000

Expenditure:

- (a) Payment toward LIC premium Rs.2,00,000 (p.a.)
- (b) Contribution for PF Rs.2,00,000 (p.a)
- (c) Expenses for Medical treatment Rs.60,000
- (d) Tuition fee Rs.1,00,000
- (e) Contribution to P.M. Relief fund Rs.50,000

Calculate the taxable income of Mrs. A for the assessment year 2016-2017.



- 10. On 31st March 2016, Mr. R has the following assets
  - (a) 3 houses each worth about Rs.75, lakhs at Chennai.
  - (b) One ship valued Rs. One crore
  - (c) Four cars each worth about Rs.10 lakhs
  - (d) Cash in hand Rs. One lakh.

Mr. B is residing in Nagerkoil at own house worth about Rs.85 lakhs and borrowed Rs.75 lakhs from his friend who is in London. Calculate the wealth tax of Mr. B for the assessment year 2016 – 2017.

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HZB

B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011)

Fifth Year — Ninth Semester

LAW OF CRIMES – II (CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE INCLUDING JUVENILE JUSTICE ACT AND PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT)

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "For every distinct offence of which any person is accused there shall be a separate charge and every such charge shall be tried separately Discuss.
- 2. Explain the term judgement. What are the essential particulars of a judgement? Explain the mode of delivery of judgement.
- 3. Explain the basis for determination of age of a juvenile by court, citing illustrated case laws.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. What are the circumstances under which a police officer can arrest without warrant?
- 5. Describe the procedure relating to issue of commissions for examination of witnesses.
- 6. What is meant by the inherent power of the High Court and when it can be exercised?

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Rights of an arrested person.
  - (b) Review.
  - (c) Jail appeal.

- (d) Cognizable offence.
- (e) Uncontrollable juveniles.
- (f) Social investigation report of probation officer.
- (g) Local inspection.

- 8. 'A' murdered 'B' by shooting and was convicted to imprisonment. After 14 years 'A' files a Writ petition that he should be released. Decide.
- 9. 'A' was arrested for the offence of murder and on the request of police he was remanded upto 90 days. Inspite of that the police could not complete the investigation and requested for further remand. Discuss what the court can do.
- 10. Banu and Khan were husband and wife belonging to Mohammedan religion. Khan divorced Banu by pronouncing Talaq and gave maintenance for three lunar months and stopped thereafter. Banu claimed maintenance from the husband under Criminal Procedure Code till her life time. Will she succeed?

Register No.

H 1106

HZC

# B.A.B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016

(For the candidates admitted during 2011)

Fifth Year — Ninth Semester

#### CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** — 
$$(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. "Describe the provisions of the Limitations Act, 1963 for the exclusion of certain periods in the computation of period of limitation".
- 2. "Nemo debet bit Vexari pro una et eadem causa" Explain the maxim with the provision of CPC.
- 3. Explain the powers of Appellate court.

PART B — 
$$(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$$

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. "A civil court has jurisdiction to try all suits of a civil nature unless they are barred" Explain.
- 5. Discuss the various modes of service of summons.
- 6. Distinguish Appeal and Revision.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Place of suing
  - (b) Foreign judgment
  - (c) Precept
  - (d) Review

- (e) Temporary injunction
- (f) Commission
- (g) Legal disability

- 8. 'A' filed a petition in a High Court under Art. 226 of the Constitution for reinstatement in service and consequential benefits contending that an order of dismissal passed against him is illegal. The petition was dismissed on the ground that alternative remedy is available to the petitioner. 'A' filed a civil suit in a Court of Competent jurisdiction after dismissal of Writ. Whether the suit is barred by res judicata?
- 9. 'A' sues 'B' and 'C' on a promissory note. 'B' is the principal debtor and 'C' is the surety. An exparte decree is passed against both. 'B' alone applies to set aside the decree. Whether the decree is set aside against 'B' alone or against 'B' and 'C' as a whole?
- 10. Ramu borrowed Rs. 2 lakhs from Ravi under a promissory note but defaulted in payment. The right to sue arose on 11.11.2013 in favour of Ravi. On 14.3.2015 Ravi died leaving behind his minor son Ajay of 16 years as sole heir. What is the limitation period available to Ajay against Ramu?

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### B.A., B.L. (Hons) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011)

Fifth Year - Nineth Semester

#### LAW OF ELECTIONS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Discuss the electoral process of the President of India. Can a Presidential election be held at a time when two State assemblies have been dissolved?
- 2. Discuss the role played by the Supreme Court of India in safe-guarding the voter's right to know the antecedents of candidates at elections despite resistance by political parties.
- 3. Critically analyse the statutory provisions and leading cases relating to disqualification on the ground of conviction for certain offences.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss the powers and functions of the Election Commission under the Constitution and the Representation of People Act.
- 5. Discuss the salient features of Anti-defection law in India.
- 6. Discuss the powers of the courts regarding delimitation of constituencies in India.

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following.
  - (a) Gerrymandering
  - (b) NOTA
  - (c) Office of profit

- (d) Parliamentary priviliges
- (e) Corporate funding on political parties
- (f) Code of conduct
- (g) VVPAT.

# PART $\dot{\mathbf{D}}$ — $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

- 8. Mr. 'X' and 'Y' contested election from Tirunelveli constituency for the general election held in 2013. Mr. 'X' got 21, 261 votes and 'Y' got 24,578 votes. Now 'X' filed an election petition against 'Y' on the ground that Mr. 'Y' was not an ordinary resident of the constituency and could not be registered as a voter in that constituency. Advice.
- 9. 'X' a Sikh candidate was elected to the Punjab state legislative assembly. His election was challenged by 'Y' a voter, on the ground that 'X' candidature was sponsored by Sri Akal Takhat, which in itself amount to an appeal in the name of religion. More over a hukamnama was also issued by the head priest which command the Sikh voters to vote for 'X' to keep the honour of the Panth. This according to 'Y' besides being an appeal in the name of religion, also amounted to exercising 'undue influence' on the Sikh voters. Decide citing relevant statutory provisions and judicial precedents.
- 10. 'Z' an independent candidate, is elected to the House of People. Two months later, he joins a National party. Would 'Z' be disqualified under the tenth schedule of the Constitution of India?

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## B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted during 2011)

Fifth Year — Tenth Semester

## PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

**PART A** —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- Narrate the classical and modern theories of Private International Law 1. with the help of decided cases.
- "Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Award" Discuss. 2.
- "Marriage" the root cause for the development of Private International 3. Law - Discuss with the decided cases.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- List out the difference between Domicile vs Nationality vs -4. Residence.
- Discuss the concept of "Jurisdiction" in Private International Law. 5.
- How the "Corporations" are treated under Private International Law. 6.

- Write short notes on FIVE of the following: 7.
  - Sources of Private International Law (a)
  - (b) Total Renvoi
  - (c) Guardianship
  - Negotiable Instruments (d)
  - (e) Codification
  - Inter-country adoptions  $\cdot$ (f)
  - Forum convenience. (g)

- 8. "Ramesh "an Indian went to France and married a French girl "Steffie".
  After five years both migrated to South Africa. There they lived for five years. Now Ramesh wants to divorce his wife. Decide.
- 9. Santhosh, an Indian citizen went to Russia and became the resident of Russia for twelve years and also acquired property in Russia. Then he migrated to Japan and married a Japanese girl and also he acquired property in Japan. Then he went to Malaysia and became its resident and died. Decide how the property can be inherited.
- 10. "John", domiciled in Germany and married a woman, "Jenie", domiciled in France. The marriage took place in France. At the time of marriage they had planned to emigrate to Australia, which they did four months later. They lived in Australia for the next 20 years until the husband dies Fix the matrimonial home with decided cases.



Register No.			
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HYH

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Fourth Year – Eighth Semester

#### CYBER LAW AND FORENSICS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

#### **PART A** — $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Enumerate the salient features of Information Technology Act, 2000 with its Amendments.
- 2. Explain the relevant legal provisions relating to various kinds of crimes in the cyber space.
- 3. Describe the significance of "electronic signature" for the smooth functioning of E- commerce.

PART B 
$$\leftarrow$$
 (2 × 7 = 14 marks)

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Enumerate the procedures for Domain Name registration.
- 5. Explain the concept of 'Cloud Computing' in accordance with existing legal provisions.
- 6. Enumerate the powers and functions of Controller of Certifying Authorities.

PART C — 
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) Digital Bullying
  - (b) ISP's Liability.
  - (c) Salamy Attack
  - (d) Linking and Framing
  - (e) Cyber pornography

- (f) Online piracy
- (g) Cyber Regulation Appellate Tribunal.

- 8. Naren, is a software engineer attempting to steal some valuable informations from Karan's computer. He first remotely scans Karan's computer by using specialised software. The software sends out queries to Karan's computer which replies to the queries. As a result of this, Naren obtains details of the operating systems installed in Karan's computer. Decide whether Naren did commit any offence.
- 9. Babu accidently sends some porn videos to his friend, Kabir and Kabir sends the same to number of his face book friends. Decide whether any crime is committed.
- 10. Ragav sends a Trojan by e-mail to Poonam, who is the network administrator of a protected system. He plans to trojanize Poonam's computer and therby gain unauthorised access to the protected system. Therefore, Poonam filed a complaint against Ragav. Decide.

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HZI

# B.A., B.L. (Hons.) DEGREE (SEMESTER) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016.

(For the candidates admitted from 2011 to 2014)

Fifth Year — Tenth Semester

#### CUSTOMS AND EXCISE LAWS

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Maximum: 70 marks

PART A —  $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 500 words each.

- 1. Discuss about the salient features of the Customs Act, 1962.
- 2. Explain in brief the assessment of duty under the Customs Act, 1962.
- 3. Discuss the procedure for registration of person engaged in production or manufacture under the Central Excise Act, 1944.

PART B —  $(2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer TWO of the following in about 300 words each.

- 4. Discuss the importance of Art 286 of the Constitution of India in relation to export and import of goods.
- 5. Explain in detail the power of the Central Government to prohibit importation and exportation of goods under the Customs Act, 1962.
- 6. Explain Cenvat Credit system.

PART C —  $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 7. Write short notes on FIVE of the following:
  - (a) VIIth Schedule of the Constitution of India.
  - (b) Specified goods.
  - (c) Customs Airport.
  - (d) Bate's case (1606).
  - (e) Remission of Excise duty.
  - (f) Confiscation and penalty under the Central Excise Act, 1944.
  - (g) Summoning of persons under the Central Excise Act, 1944.

[P.T.O.]

- 8. The Excise authorities levied duties on Aluminium and Zinc waste which was marketed. The assessee company that was subjected to such tax contended that duty could not be levied on waste or scrap materials—Decide.
- 9. The National Diary Development Board of India Imported CVDs regarding dairy development. Exemption, for this, was granted from payment of customs duty. 'B' a Private Company which imported CVDs regarding Cinema also claims exemption on the same basis. The authorities deny Decide.
- 10. 'A' a company imported certain drawings and designs recorded in cassettes. The customs authority levied duty stating that what is imported is goods. The Company contends that what it has imported is only a technical advice. Decide.